

Meson Spectroscopy in Ultra-Peripheral Heavy-Ion Collisions at STAR

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Heavy Ion Meeting
KIAS, Seoul, 14th September 2006



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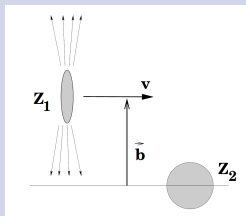
- 1 Introduction
 - Ultra-peripheral heavy-ion collisions
 - Vector meson production in UPC
 - Proof of principle — ρ production in UPC at STAR
- 2 Higher Quarkonia and Exotic mesons
 - Exotics defined
 - Experimental evidence for light exotic mesons
 - The ρ' meson(s)
- 3 Meson spectroscopy at STAR
 - ρ' cross section measurement
 - Future plans — search for exotics

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Ultra-Peripheral Heavy-Ion Collisions (UPC)

- Nuclei “miss” each other
geometrically: $b > R_1 + R_2$
- No nucleon-nucleon collisions
- Interaction via long range fields
- Nuclei stay (nearly) intact

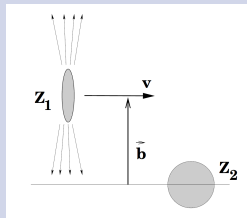


- Strong electromagnetic fields ($\propto Z^2$) act for very short time
- High intensity beam of quasi-real virtual photons
- Photon exchange, photon-photon or photon-nucleus interactions
- Nuclear Coulomb excitation, e^+e^- pair and meson production, and vector meson production

This talk: vector meson production in photonuclear interactions

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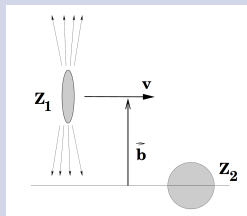


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Vector Meson Production in UPC

- **Vector dominance:** γ^* from “spectator” ion fluctuates into $q\bar{q}$ pair
- $q\bar{q}$ pair scatters elastically off “target” nucleus into **real vector meson**

Photon is diffractively excited to a vector meson

- Flux of γ^* described by Weizsäcker-Williams approximation
- Photon spectrum: $dN / dk \propto Z^2 / k$
- Maximum photon energy in lab frame:
 $\omega_{\max}^{\text{LF}} \approx \gamma \hbar c / R_A \approx 3 \text{ GeV (RHIC), } 100 \text{ GeV (LHC)}$
- In rest frame of target nucleus:
 $\omega_{\max}^{\text{target}} \approx (2\gamma^2 - 1) \hbar c / R_A \approx 600 \text{ GeV (RHIC), } 500 \text{ TeV (LHC)}$
- Much higher energies than in fixed target experiments
- Diffraction is dominated by Pomeron exchange

Vector meson production in photon-Pomeron fusion

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Coherent photon-Pomeron fusion

- Large cross section for **coherent coupling** of γ^* and \mathbb{P} to extended charge $\implies \lambda_{\gamma, \mathbb{P}} > R_A$
- **Coherence condition** from uncertainty principle:
 - **Experimental signature:** low transverse momentum $p_T < \hbar c / R_A$
 $p_T \approx 30 \text{ MeV}/c$ for $R_A(\text{Au}) \approx 7 \text{ fm}$
 - Longitudinal momentum $p_{\parallel} < \gamma \hbar / R_A \approx 3 \text{ GeV}/c$ for $\gamma \approx 100$
- High photon flux + coherent scattering
 \implies large cross sections for vector meson production
 - E.g. $\sigma(\rho) \approx 590 \text{ mb}$ at RHIC, 5.2 b at LHC
- Relativistic heavy ion colliders are vector meson factories
- Study of C-odd mesons in photon-Pomeron fusion

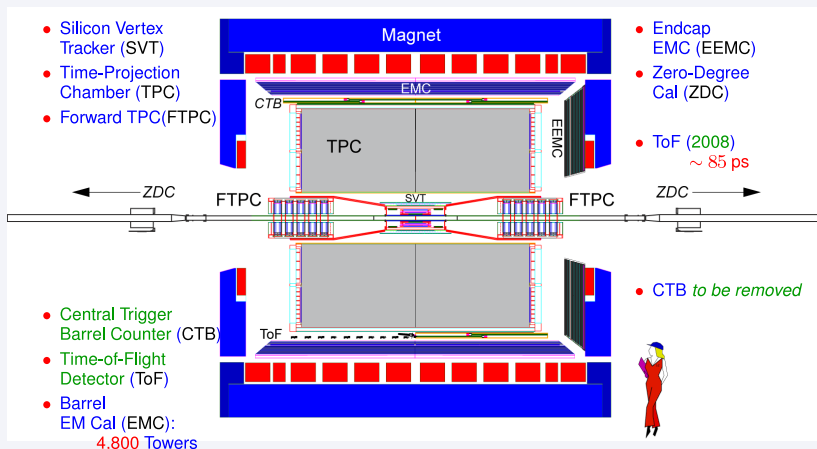
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The STAR Experiment

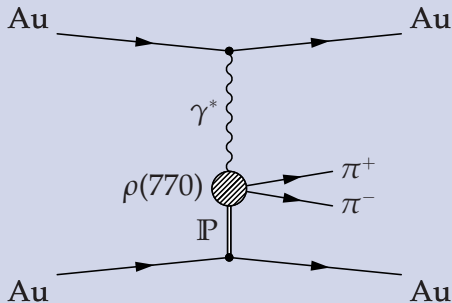
Magnetic Field : 0.5 T



Proof of Principle — ρ Production in UPC at STAR

Exclusive $\rho(770)$ production in coherent photon-Pomeron fusion

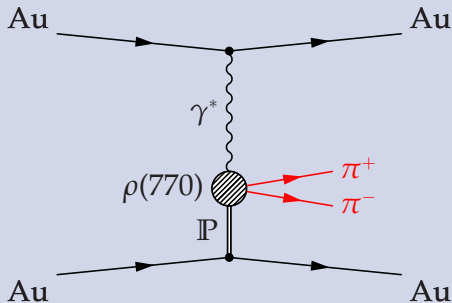
S. Klein *et al.* PRL **89**, 272302 (2002)



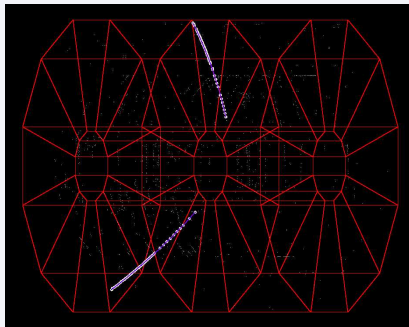
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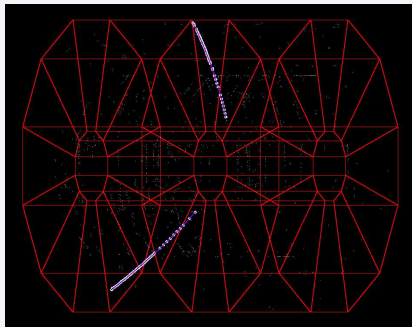


Challenging trigger

- 2 oppositely charged tracks with vertex
- Low total p_T
- Back-to-back in transverse plane

Trigger: Topology requirement in central trigger barrel (CTB)

ρ Production in UPC at STAR — Experimental signature



Challenging trigger

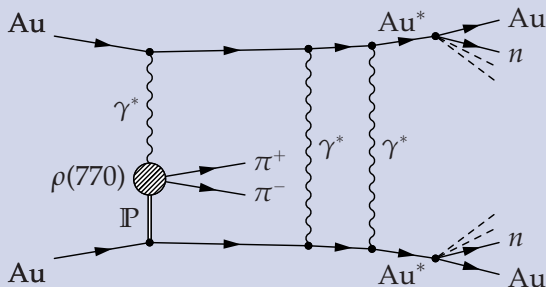
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ρ Production in UPC at STAR — Experimental signature

$\rho(770)$ production with nuclear excitation

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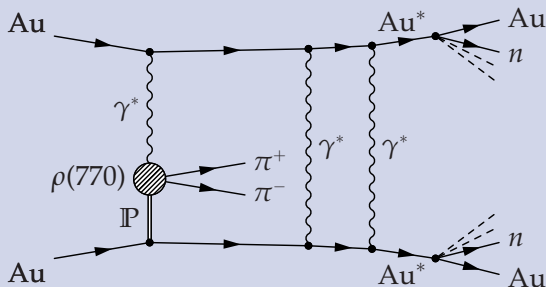


- High photon flux: **multiple interactions** between single ion pair
- **Nuclear excitation** into giant dipole resonance (GDR), **independent** of vector meson production
- GDR decays via **neutron emission** \implies detection with zero degree calorimeters (ZDC) \implies **tagging of UPC**

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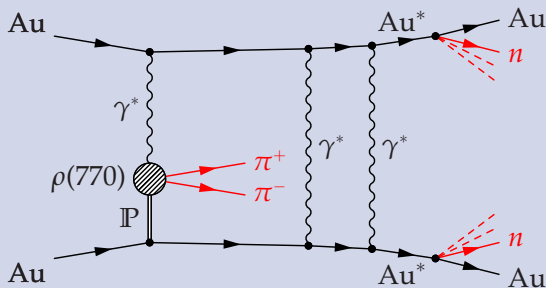


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ρ Production in UPC at STAR — Results

ρ production with nuclear excitation in Au \times Au @ $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 130$ GeV

p_T^ρ spectrum

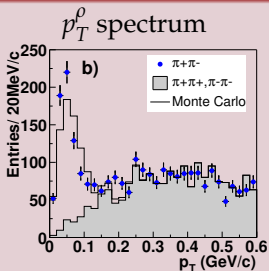
Rapidity distribution

$d\sigma(\rho) / dM_{\pi\pi}$

- Total cross section: $\sigma_{\text{tot}} = (460 \pm 220_{\text{stat.}} \pm 110_{\text{sys.}}) \text{ mb}$
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- Theoretical prediction:
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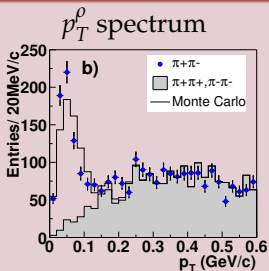
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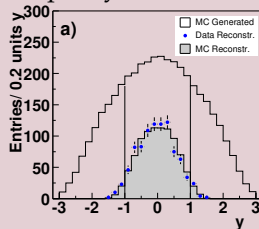
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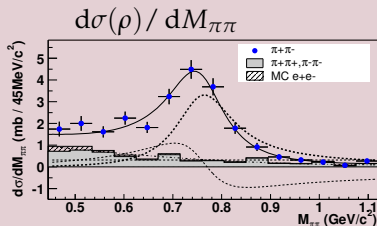
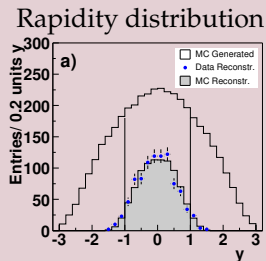
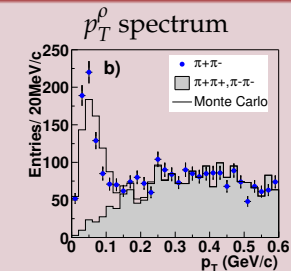
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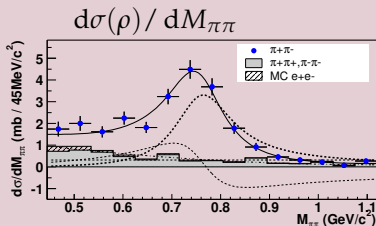
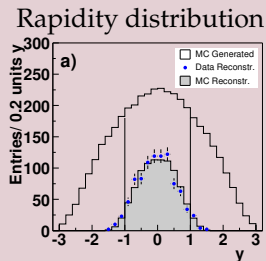
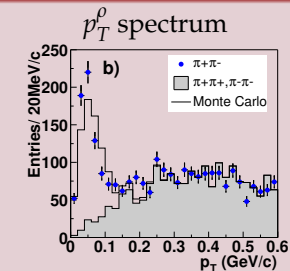
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Exotics Defined

Naïve constituent quark model

- Mesons are $|q\bar{q}\rangle$ states
- Total meson spin $\vec{J} = \vec{L} + \vec{S}$, total intrinsic spin $\vec{S} = \vec{s}_q + \vec{s}_{\bar{q}}$
- Parity $P = (-1)^{L+1}$
- C-Parity $C = (-1)^{L+S}$ (for neutral $|q\bar{q}\rangle$ states)

Forbidden J^{PC} : $0^{--}, 0^{+-}, 1^{-+}, 2^{+-}, 3^{-+}, \dots$

Exotic meson

Has J^{PC} or flavor quantum numbers forbidden
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Exotics Defined

Extension of meson basis states

- Multi-quark states $|q\bar{q}q\bar{q}\rangle$
- States with valence glue $|q\bar{q}g\rangle$
- Bound gluon states $|gg\rangle$
- ...

- Mesons are linear superpositions of all allowed basis states
- Mixing amplitudes determined by QCD
- Amount of mixing is open question
- Classification into “quarkonia”, “hybrids”, and “glueballs” assumes dominance of one type of basis state
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Exotics Defined

Naming convention for J^{PC} exotics

- Name determined by I^G and PC

E.g.:

$I^G(J^{PC})$	$1^-(0^{-+})$	$0^+(0^{-+})$	$1^-(1^{-+})$	$0^+(1^{-+})$
Name	π	η	$\pi_1(1400)$	$\eta_1(1400?)$
$I^G(J^{PC})$	$1^+(1^{+-})$	$0^-(1^{+-})$	$1^+(2^{+-})$	$0^-(2^{+-})$
Name	$b_1(1235)$	$h_1(1170)$	$b_2(2000?)$	$h_2(2000?)$

Experimental Evidence for Light Exotic Mesons

J^{PC} exotic mesons identified so far

- ① $\pi_1(1400)$: $m = (1376 \pm 17) \text{ MeV}/c^2$, $\Gamma = (300 \pm 40) \text{ MeV}$
 - $\eta \pi$ BNL-E852 PRL **79**, 1630 (1997) and PR **D60**, 092001 (1999);
Crystal Barrel PL **B423**, 175 (1998) and PL **B446**, 349 (1999)
 - $\rho \pi$ Crystal Barrel NP **A721**, 605c (2003); Obelix EPJ **C35**, 21 (2004)
- ② $\pi_1(1600)$: $m = (1653^{+18}_{-15}) \text{ MeV}/c^2$, $\Gamma = (225^{+45}_{-28}) \text{ MeV}$
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 - $b_1(1235) \pi$ VES NP **A663**, 596c (2000); BNL-E852 PRL **94**, 032002 (2005);
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$f_1(1285) \pi$

BNL-E852 PL **B595**, 109 (2004)

$b_1(1235) \pi$

VES NP **A663**, 596c (2000); BNL-E852 PRL **94**, 032002 (2005);

Crystal Barrel PL **B563**, 140 (2003)

$\eta'(958) \pi$

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VES NP **A663**, 596c (2000); BNL-E852 PRL **81**, 5760 (1998) and

PR **D65**, 072001 (2002)

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Experimental Evidence for Light Exotic Mesons

J^{PC} exotic mesons identified so far

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- $\pi_1(2000)$ might be $|q\bar{q}g\rangle$ state
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$\pi_1(1400)$ decay into p -wave $\eta\pi$ system

S. U. Chung, E. Klempt, and J. G. Körner EPJ **A15**, 539 (2002)

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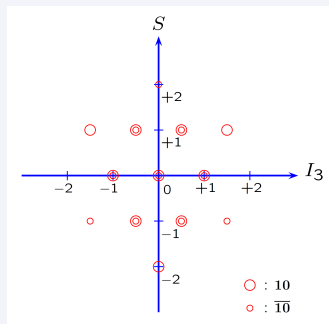
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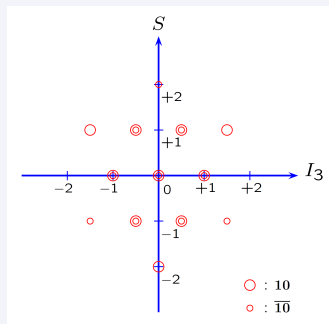
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The ρ' meson(s)

Excited ρ states

- PDG: 2 poorly known states:
 - $\rho(1450)$: $m = (1459 \pm 11) \text{ MeV}/c^2$, $\Gamma = (147 \pm 40) \text{ MeV}$
 - $\rho(1700)$: $m = (1720 \pm 20) \text{ MeV}/c^2$, $\Gamma = (250 \pm 100) \text{ MeV}$
- Quark models predict 5 $|q\bar{q}\rangle$ ρ -like meson states below $2.2 \text{ GeV}/c^2$
S. Godfrey and N. Isgur, PR **D32**, 189 (1985)

Inclusion of possible $|q\bar{q}g\rangle$ and $|q\bar{q}q\bar{q}\rangle$ states

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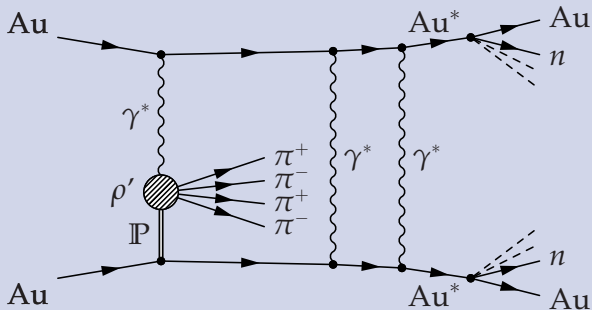
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Outline

- 1 Introduction
 - Ultra-peripheral heavy-ion collisions
 - Vector meson production in UPC
 - Proof of principle — ρ production in UPC at STAR
- 2 Higher Quarkonia and Exotic mesons
 - Exotics defined
 - Experimental evidence for light exotic mesons
 - The ρ' meson(s)
- 3 Meson spectroscopy at STAR
 - ρ' cross section measurement
 - Future plans — search for exotics

ρ' Production in UPC — Experimental Signature

ρ' production in coherent photon-Pomeron fusion with nuclear excitation

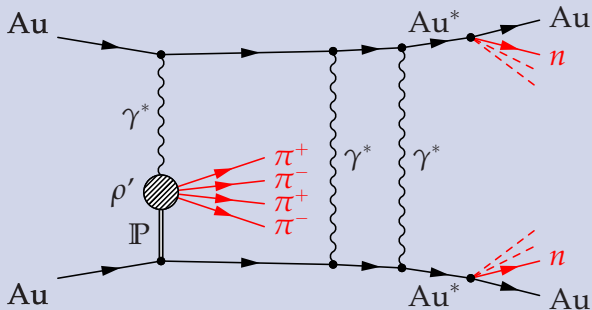


Signature

- 4 charged tracks with $\sum_{\text{tracks}} Q = 0$ and $\sum_{\text{tracks}} p_T < 150 \text{ MeV}/c$
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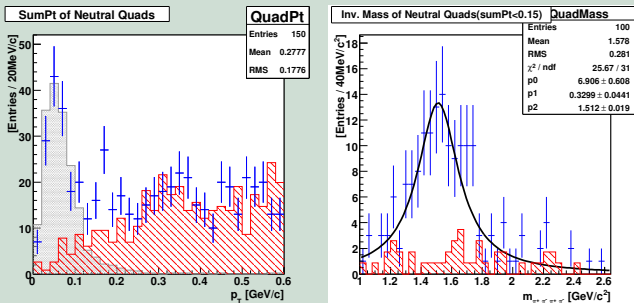
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ρ' Production in UPC — Results from Pilot Run

Au \times Au @ $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200$ GeV : 3.9 M 4-prong events

Byoung-Chul Kim, PNU



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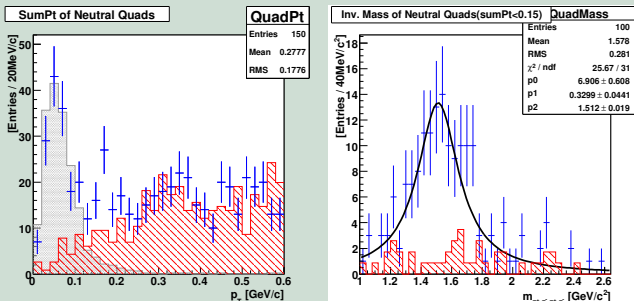
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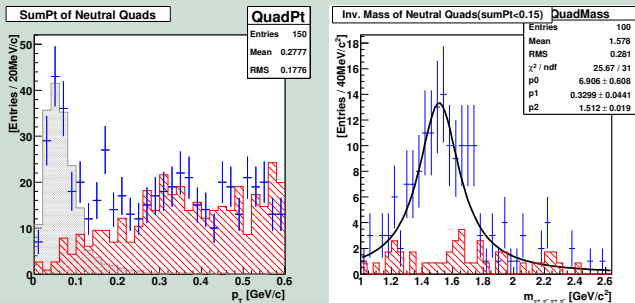
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Time of Flight (ToF) Detector

- Replaces central trigger barrel
- Multi-gap resistive plate chambers (MRPC) using ALICE technology
- 23 000 channels (6 slats \times 32 plates \times 120 trays)
- Full coverage of TPC acceptance (2π in ϕ , $|\eta| < 1$)
- Intrinsic time resolution ≈ 85 ps

Upgrade of data acquisition (DAQ)

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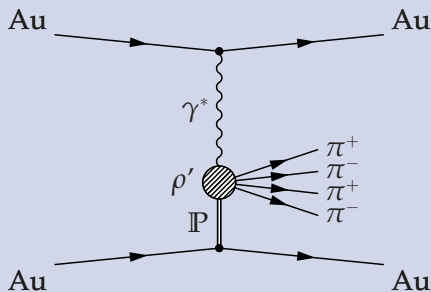
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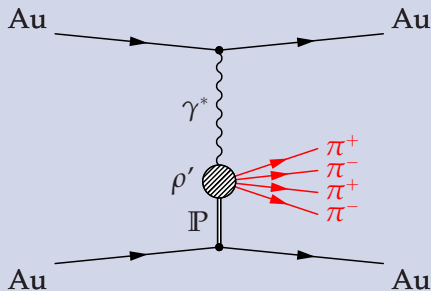
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- **Expect to see other heavy mesons produced through diffractive dissociation of $\rho(770)$ “beam”**

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- $\sigma[\pi^- p \rightarrow a_1^- (1260) p] \approx 4.3\%$ of $\sigma[\pi^- p \rightarrow \pi^- p]$

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- *s*-wave: $[\rho f_0]_s \rightarrow \rho(1600 \dots 1800)$
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Simultaneous production of **exotic** $I^G(J^{PC}) = 1^+(0^{+-})$ and $1^+(2^{+-})$
mesons through diffractive dissociation expected

- Non-exotic $b_1[1^{+-}]$ expected to be **suppressed** due to parity conservation

S.U. Chung, "Meson Production in Photon-Pomeron Fusion Processes", BNL Report

Search for exotic mesons using **partial-wave analysis**

- Mass region $1.2 \dots 1.8$ GeV/ c^2
- Required statistics $\gtrsim 10\,000$ 4-prongs
- First MC simulations \implies seems feasible

Byoung-Chul Kim, PNU

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Conclusions

UPCs of heavy ions give access to wide range of physics

Heavy ion machines as high luminosity γA and $\gamma\gamma$ colliders

- **Meson spectroscopy** — important sector of QCD
- Photoproduction of open charm, ...
- Test of strong-field QED via e^+e^- pairs
- Multiple vector meson production
- ...

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- First measurement of coherent meson production in UPC
- ρ production in agreement with theoretical models
- Measurement of ρ' in upcoming run
- Potential for discovery of C -odd exotic mesons in future runs

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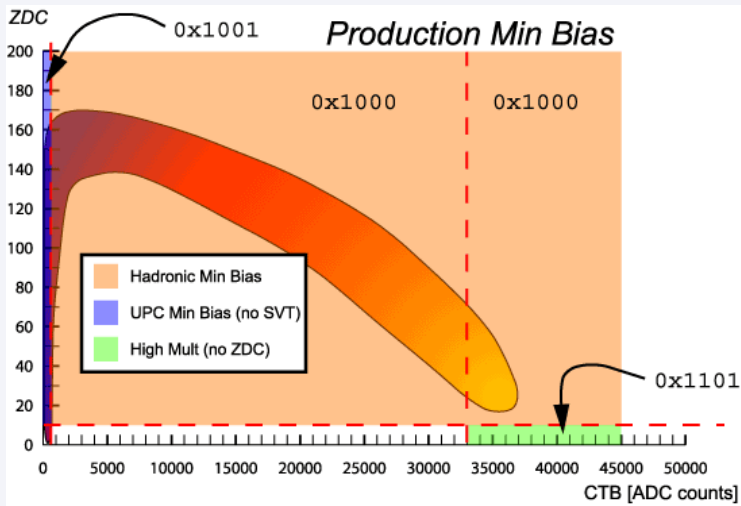
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Outline

4 Backup slides

4-Prong Trigger



2-Prong Topology Trigger

